

## 自己相関関数

以下の transfer function  $H(s)$  を持つ dynamic system の autocorrelation を計算しテキストの general form と一致することを確認する。

$$H(s) = \frac{as + b}{s^2 + 2\zeta w_n s + w_n^2} \quad (1)$$

### 0.1 計算

impulse response  $h(t)$  を計算する。  $h(t)$  は  $H(s)$  の逆ラプラス変換で求めることができる。 逆ラプラス変換は

$$f(t) = \frac{1}{2\pi j} \int_{\sigma-j\infty}^{\sigma+j\infty} F(s)e^{st} ds = \sum_{\text{all pole of } F(s)} \text{Res}[F(s)e^{st}] \quad (2)$$

を利用して計算する。

$$H(s) = \frac{as + b}{s^2 + 2\zeta w_n s + w_n^2} \quad (3)$$

$$= \frac{as + b}{(s - \lambda_+)(s - \lambda_-)} \quad (4)$$

ここで2つの極 (pole)  $\lambda_{\pm}$  は以下のようになり、簡単のため  $\lambda_R$  と  $\lambda_I$  で表記する。

$$\lambda_{\pm} = -\zeta w_n \pm i\sqrt{(1 - \zeta^2)w_n^2} \quad (5)$$

$$= -\lambda_R \pm i\lambda_I \quad (6)$$

このとき  $\lambda_R^2 + \lambda_I^2 = (\zeta w_n)^2 + (\sqrt{(1 - \zeta^2)w_n^2})^2 = w_n^2$  になる。

Residual を計算すると

$$\text{Res}_{s=\lambda_+}[H(s)e^{st}] = \lim_{s \rightarrow \lambda_+} (s - \lambda_+)H(s)e^{st} \quad (7)$$

$$= \lim_{s \rightarrow \lambda_+} \frac{as + b}{(s - \lambda_-)} e^{st} \quad (8)$$

$$= \frac{a\lambda_+ + b}{(\lambda_+ - \lambda_-)} e^{\lambda_+ t} \quad (9)$$

$$= \frac{a(-\lambda_R + i\lambda_I) + b}{2i\lambda_I} \exp((- \lambda_R + i\lambda_I)t) \quad (10)$$

$$\text{Res}_{s=\lambda_-}[H(s)e^{st}] = \lim_{s \rightarrow \lambda_-} (s - \lambda_-)H(s)e^{st} \quad (11)$$

$$= \lim_{s \rightarrow \lambda_-} \frac{as + b}{(s - \lambda_+)} e^{st} \quad (12)$$

$$= \frac{a\lambda_- + b}{(\lambda_- - \lambda_+)} e^{\lambda_- t} \quad (13)$$

$$= -\frac{a(-\lambda_R - i\lambda_I) + b}{2i\lambda_I} \exp((- \lambda_R - i\lambda_I)t) \quad (14)$$

よって impulse response  $h(t)$  は

$$h(t) = \sum_{\text{all pole of } H(s)} \text{Res}[H(s)e^{st}] \quad (15)$$

$$= \text{Res}_{s=\lambda_+}[H(s)e^{st}] + \text{Res}_{s=\lambda_-}[H(s)e^{st}] \quad (16)$$

$$= \frac{a(-\lambda_R + i\lambda_I) + b}{2i\lambda_I} \exp((- \lambda_R + i\lambda_I)t) - \frac{a(-\lambda_R - i\lambda_I) + b}{2i\lambda_I} \exp((- \lambda_R - i\lambda_I)t) \quad (17)$$

$$= \frac{e^{-\lambda_R t}}{2i\lambda_I} \{(a(-\lambda_R + i\lambda_I) + b)e^{i\lambda_I t} - (a(-\lambda_R - i\lambda_I) + b)e^{-i\lambda_I t}\} \quad (18)$$

$$= \frac{e^{-\lambda_R t}}{2i\lambda_I} \{a(-\lambda_R + i\lambda_I)e^{i\lambda_I t} - a(-\lambda_R - i\lambda_I)e^{-i\lambda_I t} + b(e^{i\lambda_I t} - e^{-i\lambda_I t})\} \quad (19)$$

$$= \frac{e^{-\lambda_R t}}{2i\lambda_I} \{-a\lambda_R(e^{i\lambda_I t} - e^{-i\lambda_I t}) + ai\lambda_I(e^{i\lambda_I t} + e^{-i\lambda_I t}) + b(e^{i\lambda_I t} - e^{-i\lambda_I t})\} \quad (20)$$

$$= \frac{e^{-\lambda_R t}}{2i\lambda_I} \{(b - a\lambda_R)(e^{i\lambda_I t} - e^{-i\lambda_I t}) + ai\lambda_I(e^{i\lambda_I t} + e^{-i\lambda_I t})\} \quad (21)$$

自己相関は入力分散を  $D$  とすると

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{E}[X(t + \tau)X(t)] \\ &= \text{E}\left[\int_0^\infty h(s)W(t + \tau - s)ds \int_0^\infty h(s')W(t - s')ds'\right] \end{aligned} \quad (22)$$

$$= \int_0^\infty \int_0^\infty ds ds' h(s)h(s')\text{E}[W(t + \tau - s)W(t - s')] \quad (23)$$

$$= D \int_0^\infty \int_0^\infty ds ds' h(s)h(s')\delta(\tau - s + s') \quad (24)$$

$$= D \int_0^\infty ds' h(\tau + s')h(s') \quad (25)$$

$$= D \int_0^\infty ds h(\tau + s)h(s) \quad (26)$$

上記で計算した  $h(s)$  を代入すると

$$= D \int_0^\infty ds \frac{e^{-\lambda_R(\tau+s)}}{2i\lambda_I} \{(b - a\lambda_R)(e^{i\lambda_I(\tau+s)} - e^{-i\lambda_I(\tau+s)}) + ai\lambda_I(e^{i\lambda_I(\tau+s)} + e^{-i\lambda_I(\tau+s)})\} \\ \times \frac{e^{-\lambda_R s}}{2i\lambda_I} \{(b - a\lambda_R)(e^{i\lambda_I s} - e^{-i\lambda_I s}) + ai\lambda_I(e^{i\lambda_I s} + e^{-i\lambda_I s})\} \quad (27)$$

$$= \frac{D}{(2i\lambda_I)^2} \int_0^\infty ds e^{-\lambda_R(\tau+s)} \{(b - a\lambda_R)(e^{i\lambda_I(\tau+s)} - e^{-i\lambda_I(\tau+s)}) + ai\lambda_I(e^{i\lambda_I(\tau+s)} + e^{-i\lambda_I(\tau+s)})\} \\ \times e^{-\lambda_R s} \{(b - a\lambda_R)(e^{i\lambda_I s} - e^{-i\lambda_I s}) + ai\lambda_I(e^{i\lambda_I s} + e^{-i\lambda_I s})\} \quad (28)$$

$$= \frac{De^{-\lambda_R\tau}}{(2i\lambda_I)^2} \int_0^\infty ds e^{-2\lambda_R s} \{(b - a\lambda_R)(e^{i\lambda_I(\tau+s)} - e^{-i\lambda_I(\tau+s)}) + ai\lambda_I(e^{i\lambda_I(\tau+s)} + e^{-i\lambda_I(\tau+s)})\} \\ \times \{(b - a\lambda_R)(e^{i\lambda_I s} - e^{-i\lambda_I s}) + ai\lambda_I(e^{i\lambda_I s} + e^{-i\lambda_I s})\} \quad (29)$$

$$= \frac{De^{-\lambda_R\tau}}{(2i\lambda_I)^2} \int_0^\infty ds e^{-2\lambda_R s} \{(b - a\lambda_R)^2(e^{i\lambda_I(\tau+2s)} - e^{-i\lambda_I\tau} - e^{i\lambda_I\tau} + e^{-i\lambda_I(\tau+2s)}) \\ + ai\lambda_I(b - a\lambda_R)(e^{i\lambda_I(\tau+2s)} - e^{-i\lambda_I\tau} + e^{i\lambda_I\tau} - e^{-i\lambda_I(\tau+2s)}) \\ + ai\lambda_I(b - a\lambda_R)(e^{i\lambda_I(\tau+2s)} + e^{-i\lambda_I\tau} - e^{i\lambda_I\tau} - e^{-i\lambda_I(\tau+2s)}) \\ + (ai\lambda_I)^2(e^{i\lambda_I(\tau+2s)} + e^{-i\lambda_I\tau} + e^{i\lambda_I\tau} + e^{-i\lambda_I(\tau+2s)})\} \quad (30)$$

$$= \frac{De^{-\lambda_R\tau}}{(2i\lambda_I)^2} \int_0^\infty ds e^{-2\lambda_R s} \{(b - a\lambda_R)^2(e^{i\lambda_I(\tau+2s)} - e^{-i\lambda_I\tau} - e^{i\lambda_I\tau} + e^{-i\lambda_I(\tau+2s)}) \\ + 2ai\lambda_I(b - a\lambda_R)(e^{i\lambda_I(\tau+2s)} - e^{-i\lambda_I(\tau+2s)}) \\ + (ai\lambda_I)^2(e^{i\lambda_I(\tau+2s)} + e^{-i\lambda_I\tau} + e^{i\lambda_I\tau} + e^{-i\lambda_I(\tau+2s)})\} \quad (31)$$

$$= \frac{De^{-\lambda_R\tau}}{(2i\lambda_I)^2} \int_0^\infty ds e^{-2\lambda_R s} \{ \\ ((b - a\lambda_R) + ai\lambda_I)^2 e^{i\lambda_I(\tau+2s)} \\ + ((b - a\lambda_R) - ai\lambda_I)^2 e^{-i\lambda_I(\tau+2s)} \\ + (-(b - a\lambda_R)^2 + (ai\lambda_I)^2)(e^{i\lambda_I\tau} + e^{-i\lambda_I\tau})\} \quad (32)$$

$s$  と関係ない係数を積分の外に出すと,

$$\begin{aligned}
 & E[X(t + \tau)X(t)] \\
 &= \frac{De^{-\lambda_R\tau}}{(2i\lambda_I)^2} \left\{ \begin{aligned} & ((b - a\lambda_R) + ai\lambda_I)^2 e^{i\lambda_I\tau} \int_0^\infty e^{-2\lambda_R s} e^{i\lambda_I 2s} ds \\ & + ((b - a\lambda_R) - ai\lambda_I)^2 e^{-i\lambda_I\tau} \int_0^\infty e^{-2\lambda_R s} e^{-i\lambda_I 2s} ds \\ & + (-(b - a\lambda_R)^2 + (ai\lambda_I)^2)(e^{i\lambda_I\tau} + e^{-i\lambda_I\tau}) \int_0^\infty e^{-2\lambda_R s} ds \end{aligned} \right\} \quad (33)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \frac{De^{-\lambda_R\tau}}{(2i\lambda_I)^2} \left\{ \begin{aligned} & ((b - a\lambda_R) + ai\lambda_I)^2 e^{i\lambda_I\tau} \int_0^\infty e^{-2(\lambda_R - i\lambda_I)s} ds \\ & + ((b - a\lambda_R) - ai\lambda_I)^2 e^{-i\lambda_I\tau} \int_0^\infty e^{-2(\lambda_R + i\lambda_I)s} ds \\ & + (-(b - a\lambda_R)^2 + (ai\lambda_I)^2)(e^{i\lambda_I\tau} + e^{-i\lambda_I\tau}) \int_0^\infty e^{-2\lambda_R s} ds \end{aligned} \right\} \quad (34)
 \end{aligned}$$

$\lambda_R$  が正であるとする  $\int_0^\infty e^{-As} ds = \left[ \frac{-e^{-As}}{A} \right]_0^\infty = 1/A$  ( $\text{Re}(A) > 0$ ) と計算できるので

$$\begin{aligned}
 & E[X(t + \tau)X(t)] \\
 &= \frac{De^{-\lambda_R\tau}}{(2i\lambda_I)^2} \left\{ \begin{aligned} & \frac{((b - a\lambda_R) + ai\lambda_I)^2 e^{i\lambda_I\tau}}{2(\lambda_R - i\lambda_I)} \\ & + \frac{((b - a\lambda_R) - ai\lambda_I)^2 e^{-i\lambda_I\tau}}{2(\lambda_R + i\lambda_I)} \\ & + \frac{(-(b - a\lambda_R)^2 + (ai\lambda_I)^2)(e^{i\lambda_I\tau} + e^{-i\lambda_I\tau})}{2\lambda_R} \end{aligned} \right\} \quad (35)
 \end{aligned}$$

各項の係数を整理する.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & E[X(t + \tau)X(t)] \\
 &= \frac{De^{-\lambda_R\tau}}{(2i\lambda_I)^2 (2(\lambda_R - i\lambda_I)(\lambda_R + i\lambda_I)\lambda_R)} \left\{ \begin{aligned} & \lambda_R(\lambda_R + i\lambda_I)((b - a\lambda_R) + ai\lambda_I)^2 e^{i\lambda_I\tau} \\ & + \lambda_R(\lambda_R - i\lambda_I)((b - a\lambda_R) - ai\lambda_I)^2 e^{-i\lambda_I\tau} \\ & + (\lambda_R + i\lambda_I)(\lambda_R - i\lambda_I)(-(b - a\lambda_R)^2 + (ai\lambda_I)^2)(e^{i\lambda_I\tau} + e^{-i\lambda_I\tau}) \end{aligned} \right\} \quad (36)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \frac{De^{-\lambda_R\tau}}{(2i\lambda_I)^2 (2(\lambda_R^2 + \lambda_I^2)\lambda_R)} \left\{ \begin{aligned} & \lambda_R(\lambda_R + i\lambda_I)((b - a\lambda_R) + ai\lambda_I)^2 e^{i\lambda_I\tau} \\ & + \lambda_R(\lambda_R - i\lambda_I)((b - a\lambda_R) - ai\lambda_I)^2 e^{-i\lambda_I\tau} \\ & + (\lambda_R^2 + \lambda_I^2)(-(b - a\lambda_R)^2 + (ai\lambda_I)^2)(e^{i\lambda_I\tau} + e^{-i\lambda_I\tau}) \end{aligned} \right\} \quad (37)
 \end{aligned}$$

このとき  $\lambda_R^2 + \lambda_I^2 = w_n^2$  を利用しながら整理すると,

$$\begin{aligned} & E[X(t + \tau)X(t)] \\ &= \frac{De^{-\lambda_R\tau}}{(2i\lambda_I)^2 w_n^2 (2\lambda_R)} \left\{ \begin{aligned} & \lambda_R(\lambda_R + i\lambda_I)((b - a\lambda_R) + ai\lambda_I)((b - a\lambda_R) + ai\lambda_I)e^{i\lambda_I\tau} \\ & + \lambda_R(\lambda_R - i\lambda_I)((b - a\lambda_R) - ai\lambda_I)((b - a\lambda_R) - ai\lambda_I)e^{-i\lambda_I\tau} \\ & + w_n^2(-(b - a\lambda_R)^2 + (ai\lambda_I)^2)(e^{i\lambda_I\tau} + e^{-i\lambda_I\tau}) \end{aligned} \right\} \end{aligned} \quad (38)$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \frac{De^{-\lambda_R\tau}}{(2i\lambda_I)^2 w_n^2 (2\lambda_R)} \left\{ \begin{aligned} & \lambda_R(\lambda_R + i\lambda_I)(b - a(\lambda_R - i\lambda_I))((b - a\lambda_R) + ai\lambda_I)e^{i\lambda_I\tau} \\ & + \lambda_R(\lambda_R - i\lambda_I)(b - a(\lambda_R + i\lambda_I))((b - a\lambda_R) - ai\lambda_I)e^{-i\lambda_I\tau} \\ & + w_n^2(-(b - a\lambda_R)^2 + (ai\lambda_I)^2)(e^{i\lambda_I\tau} + e^{-i\lambda_I\tau}) \end{aligned} \right\} \end{aligned} \quad (39)$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \frac{De^{-\lambda_R\tau}}{(2i\lambda_I)^2 w_n^2 (2\lambda_R)} \left\{ \begin{aligned} & \lambda_R(b(\lambda_R + i\lambda_I) - a(\lambda_R - i\lambda_I)(\lambda_R + i\lambda_I))((b - a\lambda_R) + ai\lambda_I)e^{i\lambda_I\tau} \\ & + \lambda_R(b(\lambda_R - i\lambda_I) - a(\lambda_R + i\lambda_I)(\lambda_R - i\lambda_I))((b - a\lambda_R) - ai\lambda_I)e^{-i\lambda_I\tau} \\ & + w_n^2(-(b - a\lambda_R)^2 + (ai\lambda_I)^2)(e^{i\lambda_I\tau} + e^{-i\lambda_I\tau}) \end{aligned} \right\} \end{aligned} \quad (40)$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \frac{De^{-\lambda_R\tau}}{(2i\lambda_I)^2 w_n^2 (2\lambda_R)} \left\{ \begin{aligned} & \lambda_R(b(\lambda_R + i\lambda_I) - aw_n^2)((b - a\lambda_R) + ai\lambda_I)e^{i\lambda_I\tau} \\ & + \lambda_R(b(\lambda_R - i\lambda_I) - aw_n^2)((b - a\lambda_R) - ai\lambda_I)e^{-i\lambda_I\tau} \\ & + w_n^2(-(b - a\lambda_R)^2 + (ai\lambda_I)^2)(e^{i\lambda_I\tau} + e^{-i\lambda_I\tau}) \end{aligned} \right\} \end{aligned} \quad (41)$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \frac{De^{-\lambda_R\tau}}{(2i\lambda_I)^2 w_n^2 (2\lambda_R)} \left\{ \begin{aligned} & \lambda_R((b\lambda_R - aw_n^2) + bi\lambda_I)((b - a\lambda_R) + ai\lambda_I)e^{i\lambda_I\tau} \\ & + \lambda_R((b\lambda_R - aw_n^2) - bi\lambda_I)((b - a\lambda_R) - ai\lambda_I)e^{-i\lambda_I\tau} \\ & + w_n^2(-(b - a\lambda_R)^2 + (ai\lambda_I)^2)(e^{i\lambda_I\tau} + e^{-i\lambda_I\tau}) \end{aligned} \right\} \end{aligned} \quad (42)$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \frac{De^{-\lambda_R\tau}}{(2i\lambda_I)^2 w_n^2 (2\lambda_R)} \left\{ \begin{aligned} & \lambda_R((b\lambda_R - aw_n^2)(b - a\lambda_R) - ab\lambda_I^2 + i\lambda_I(b^2 - a^2w_n^2))e^{i\lambda_I\tau} \\ & + \lambda_R((b\lambda_R - aw_n^2)(b - a\lambda_R) - ab\lambda_I^2 - i\lambda_I(b^2 - a^2w_n^2))e^{-i\lambda_I\tau} \\ & + w_n^2(-(b - a\lambda_R)^2 + (ai\lambda_I)^2)(e^{i\lambda_I\tau} + e^{-i\lambda_I\tau}) \end{aligned} \right\} \end{aligned} \quad (43)$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \frac{De^{-\lambda_R\tau}}{(2i\lambda_I)^2 w_n^2 (2\lambda_R)} \left\{ \begin{aligned} & \lambda_R((b^2\lambda_R - 2abw_n^2 + a^2w_n^2\lambda_R) + i\lambda_I(b^2 - a^2w_n^2))e^{i\lambda_I\tau} \\ & + \lambda_R((b^2\lambda_R - 2abw_n^2 + a^2w_n^2\lambda_R) - i\lambda_I(b^2 - a^2w_n^2))e^{-i\lambda_I\tau} \\ & + w_n^2(-(b - a\lambda_R)^2 - (a\lambda_I)^2)(e^{i\lambda_I\tau} + e^{-i\lambda_I\tau}) \end{aligned} \right\} \end{aligned} \quad (44)$$

$K_R = (b^2\lambda_R - 2abw_n^2 + a^2w_n^2\lambda_R)$ ,  $K_I = \lambda_I(b^2 - a^2w_n^2)$ ,  $K_{R2} = -w_n^2((b - a\lambda_R)^2 + (a\lambda_I)^2)$  と置くと上記の式は

$$\begin{aligned}
 & E[X(t + \tau)X(t)] \\
 &= \frac{De^{-\lambda_R\tau}}{(2i\lambda_I)^2w_n^2(2\lambda_R)} \{ \\
 &\quad \lambda_R(K_R + iK_I)e^{i\lambda_I\tau} \\
 &\quad + \lambda_R(K_R - iK_I)e^{-i\lambda_I\tau} \\
 &\quad + K_{R2}(e^{i\lambda_I\tau} + e^{-i\lambda_I\tau}) \} \tag{45}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \frac{De^{-\lambda_R\tau}}{(2i\lambda_I)^2w_n^2(2\lambda_R)} \{ \\
 &\quad \lambda_R K_R(e^{i\lambda_I\tau} + e^{-i\lambda_I\tau}) \\
 &\quad + i\lambda_R K_I(e^{i\lambda_I\tau} - e^{-i\lambda_I\tau}) \\
 &\quad + K_{R2}(e^{i\lambda_I\tau} + e^{-i\lambda_I\tau}) \} \tag{46}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \frac{De^{-\lambda_R\tau}}{(2i\lambda_I)^2w_n^2(2\lambda_R)} \{ \\
 &\quad (\lambda_R K_R + K_{R2})(e^{i\lambda_I\tau} + e^{-i\lambda_I\tau}) \\
 &\quad + i\lambda_R K_I(e^{i\lambda_I\tau} - e^{-i\lambda_I\tau}) \} \tag{47}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \frac{De^{-\lambda_R\tau}}{-4\lambda_I^2w_n^2\lambda_R} \{ \\
 &\quad (\lambda_R K_R + K_{R2})(e^{i\lambda_I\tau} + e^{-i\lambda_I\tau})/2 \\
 &\quad - \lambda_R K_I(e^{i\lambda_I\tau} - e^{-i\lambda_I\tau})/2i \} \tag{48}
 \end{aligned}$$

オイラーの公式より  $\cos x = \frac{e^{ix} + e^{-ix}}{2}$ ,  $\sin x = \frac{e^{ix} - e^{-ix}}{2i}$  とすると

$$\begin{aligned}
 & E[X(t + \tau)X(t)] \\
 &= \frac{De^{-\lambda_R\tau}}{-4\lambda_I^2w_n^2\lambda_R} \{ (\lambda_R K_R + K_{R2}) \cos(\lambda_I\tau) - \lambda_R K_I \sin(\lambda_I\tau) \} \tag{49}
 \end{aligned}$$

$K_R = (b^2\lambda_R - 2abw_n^2 + a^2w_n^2\lambda_R)$ ,  $K_I = \lambda_I(b^2 - a^2w_n^2)$ ,  $K_{R2} = -w_n^2((b - a\lambda_R)^2 + (a\lambda_I)^2)$  より,

$$\begin{aligned}
 & E[X(t + \tau)X(t)] \\
 &= \frac{De^{-\lambda_R\tau}}{-4\lambda_I^2w_n^2\lambda_R} \{ (\lambda_R K_R + K_{R2}) \cos(\lambda_I\tau) - \lambda_R K_I \sin(\lambda_I\tau) \} \tag{50}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \frac{De^{-\lambda_R\tau}}{-4\lambda_I^2w_n^2\lambda_R} \\
 &\quad \{ (\lambda_R(b^2\lambda_R - 2abw_n^2 + a^2w_n^2\lambda_R) - w_n^2((b - a\lambda_R)^2 + (a\lambda_I)^2)) \cos(\lambda_I\tau) \\
 &\quad - \lambda_R\lambda_I(b^2 - a^2w_n^2) \sin(\lambda_I\tau) \} \tag{51}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$= \frac{De^{-\lambda_R\tau}}{-4\lambda_I^2w_n^2\lambda_R} \{ (-\lambda_I^2(b^2 + a^2w_n^2)) \cos(\lambda_I\tau) - \lambda_R\lambda_I(b^2 - a^2w_n^2) \sin(\lambda_I\tau) \} \tag{52}$$

$$= \frac{De^{-\lambda_R\tau}}{-4w_n^2} \left\{ \left(-\frac{1}{\lambda_R}(b^2 + a^2w_n^2)\right) \cos(\lambda_I\tau) - \frac{1}{\lambda_I}(b^2 - a^2w_n^2) \sin(\lambda_I\tau) \right\} \tag{53}$$

$$= \frac{De^{-\lambda_R\tau}}{4w_n^2} \left\{ \left(\frac{1}{\lambda_R}(b^2 + a^2w_n^2)\right) \cos(\lambda_I\tau) + \frac{1}{\lambda_I}(b^2 - a^2w_n^2) \sin(\lambda_I\tau) \right\} \tag{54}$$

ここで三角関数の合成を行う。三角関数の合成は  $A \cos x + B \sin x = \sqrt{A^2 + B^2} \cos(x - \theta)$ .  
ただし  $\cos \theta = \frac{A}{\sqrt{A^2 + B^2}}$ ,  $\sin \theta = \frac{B}{\sqrt{A^2 + B^2}}$ .

$$\begin{aligned} E[X(t + \tau)X(t)] &= \frac{De^{-\lambda_R \tau}}{4w_n^2} \left\{ \left( \frac{1}{\lambda_R} (b^2 + a^2 w_n^2) \right) \cos(\lambda_I \tau) + \frac{1}{\lambda_I} (b^2 - a^2 w_n^2) \sin(\lambda_I \tau) \right\} \end{aligned} \quad (55)$$

$$= \frac{De^{-\lambda_R \tau}}{4w_n^2} \sqrt{\left( \frac{1}{\lambda_R} (b^2 + a^2 w_n^2) \right)^2 + \left( \frac{1}{\lambda_I} (b^2 - a^2 w_n^2) \right)^2} \cos(\lambda_I \tau - \theta) \quad (56)$$

ここで  $\cos \theta = \frac{(b^2 + a^2 w_n^2)/\lambda_R}{\sqrt{(\frac{1}{\lambda_R} (b^2 + a^2 w_n^2))^2 + (\frac{1}{\lambda_I} (b^2 - a^2 w_n^2))^2}}$ . 分母に  $\cos \theta$  がでてくるように変形すると

$$\begin{aligned} E[X(t + \tau)X(t)] &= \frac{D((b^2 + a^2 w_n^2)/\lambda_R)}{4w_n^2 ((b^2 + a^2 w_n^2)/\lambda_R)} e^{-\lambda_R \tau} \sqrt{\left( \frac{1}{\lambda_R} (b^2 + a^2 w_n^2) \right)^2 + \left( \frac{1}{\lambda_I} (b^2 - a^2 w_n^2) \right)^2} \cos(\lambda_I \tau - \theta) \end{aligned} \quad (57)$$

$$= \frac{D((b^2 + a^2 w_n^2)/\lambda_R)}{4w_n^2} e^{-\lambda_R \tau} \frac{\sqrt{\left( \frac{1}{\lambda_R} (b^2 + a^2 w_n^2) \right)^2 + \left( \frac{1}{\lambda_I} (b^2 - a^2 w_n^2) \right)^2}}{((b^2 + a^2 w_n^2)/\lambda_R)} \cos(\lambda_I \tau - \theta) \quad (58)$$

$$= \frac{D((b^2 + a^2 w_n^2)/\lambda_R)}{4w_n^2} e^{-\lambda_R \tau} \frac{1}{\cos \theta} \cos(\lambda_I \tau - \theta) \quad (59)$$

$$= \frac{D((b^2 + a^2 w_n^2)/\lambda_R)}{4w_n^2} \frac{e^{-\lambda_R \tau}}{\cos \theta} \cos(\lambda_I \tau - \theta) \quad (60)$$

$$= \frac{\sigma^2 e^{-\lambda_R \tau}}{\cos \theta} \cos(\lambda_I \tau - \theta) \quad (61)$$

ここで  $\sigma^2 = \frac{D(b^2 + a^2 w_n^2)}{4w_n^2 \lambda_R}$ .

最後に  $\lambda_R = \zeta w_n$ ,  $\lambda_I = \sqrt{(1 - \zeta^2) w_n^2}$  を代入すると

$$E[X(t + \tau)X(t)] = \frac{\sigma^2 e^{-\zeta w_n \tau}}{\cos \theta} \cos(\sqrt{(1 - \zeta^2) w_n^2} \tau - \theta) \quad (62)$$

このとき  $\cos \theta = \frac{(b^2 + a^2 w_n^2)}{\lambda_R \sqrt{\left( \frac{1}{\lambda_R} (b^2 + a^2 w_n^2) \right)^2 + \left( \frac{1}{\lambda_I} (b^2 - a^2 w_n^2) \right)^2}} = \frac{(b^2 + a^2 w_n^2)}{\zeta w_n \sqrt{\left( \frac{1}{\zeta w_n} (b^2 + a^2 w_n^2) \right)^2 + \left( \frac{1}{\sqrt{(1 - \zeta^2) w_n^2}} (b^2 - a^2 w_n^2) \right)^2}}$

,  $\sigma^2 = \frac{D(b^2 + a^2 w_n^2)}{4w_n^2 \lambda_R} = \frac{D(b^2 + a^2 w_n^2)}{4w_n^2 \zeta w_n}$